

STARTING AND CHARGING

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The starting and charging circuit comprises the battery, starter motor and the alternator.

The battery (12V) is sealed and maintenance-free.

The starter motor comprises a direct current motor supplied by the battery and a control and engagement solenoid.

By turning the ignition key, the voltage leading from the battery supplies the windings of the motor, generating the electromagnetic forces which turn the pinion of the motor itself: simultaneously, the solenoid is energized which operates the mechanism engaging the pinion in the flywheel ring gear, thereby setting the crankshaft into rotation.

The alternator recharges the battery during the normal rotation of the engine: the alternator shaft (rotor) turned directly by the crankshaft through a belt is supplied with the excitation current and generates a magnetic field which induces an alternate current on

the fixed winding (stator); this is transformed into direct current by a rectifier bridge with diodes and sent to recharge the battery.

A voltage regulator built into the alternator makes it possible to maintain a constant voltage supply (appr. 12 V) for all the fields of load changes and engine speed.

In the versions without ALFA ROMEO CODE but with anti- theft system, the supply to the starter motor receives the necessary consent from the anti-theft control unit, which then operates the starting consent relay, thus also the motor itself.

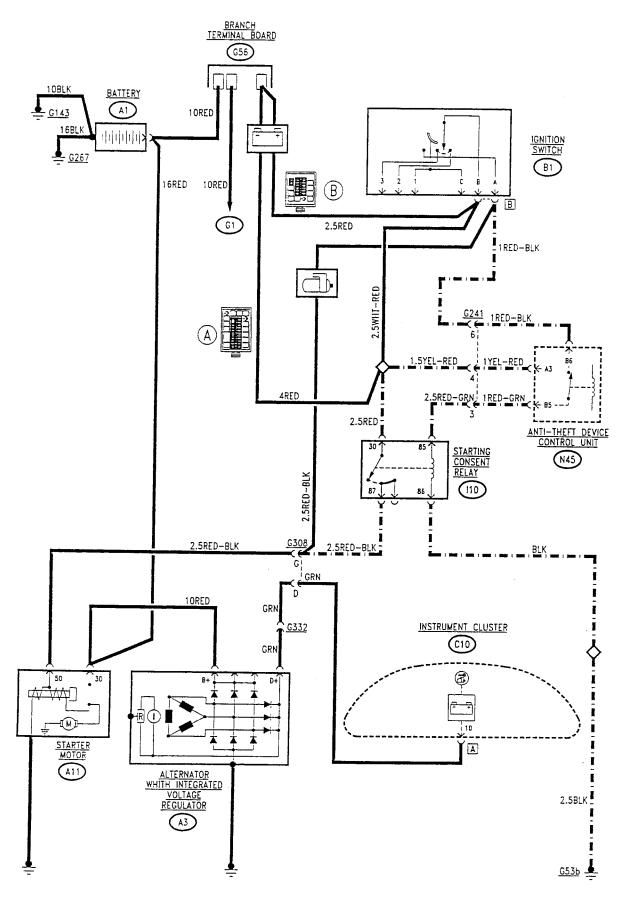
In the event of an "alarm" the motor is not supplied and the engine cannot be started using the key.

In the versions <u>with ALFA ROMEO CODE</u> the starter motor is NOT inhibited, but only the engine (see the "ALFA ROMEO CODE" <u>section</u>).



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WIRING DIAGRAM (Boxer versions)



⁻⁻⁻⁻ variant for cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with anti-theft system



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (Boxer versions)

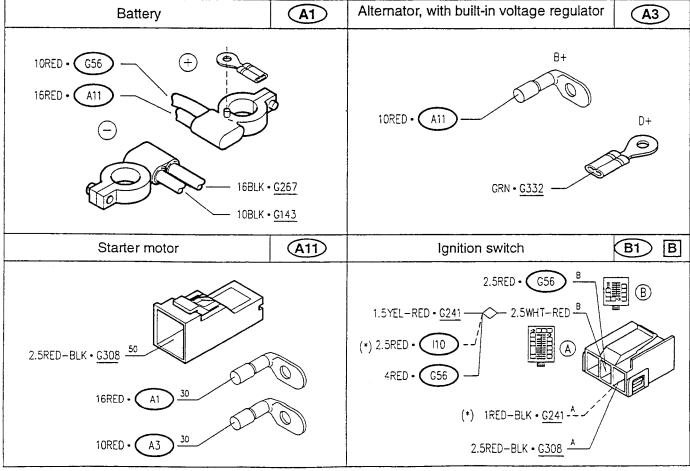
When the ignition key is turned in the ignition switch B1 right round to the "STARTING" position, the windings of the solenoid (pin 50) of the starter motor A11 are energized and the actual motor is supplied (pin 30) with the voltage leading from the battery A1 in this way cranking the engine (In cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, the starter motor supply "crosses" the anti-theft control unit N45 (pin B5 - B6) which cuts off this supply in the event of an alarm and the starting consent relay I10).

When the engine is running, the direct current generated by the alternator A3 (pin B+) is sent via the starter motor A11, to recharge the battery A1.

All the lines for supplying the various electric systems of the car branch from the terminal board **G56**, connected to the + post of the battery **A1** (see "Power Supply").

When the alternator is not turning and therefore not charging the battery, an earth signal is sent from pin D+ to the instrument cluster C10 to turn on the corresponding warning light; once the engine has started this signal becomes 12 V and the warning light goes off.

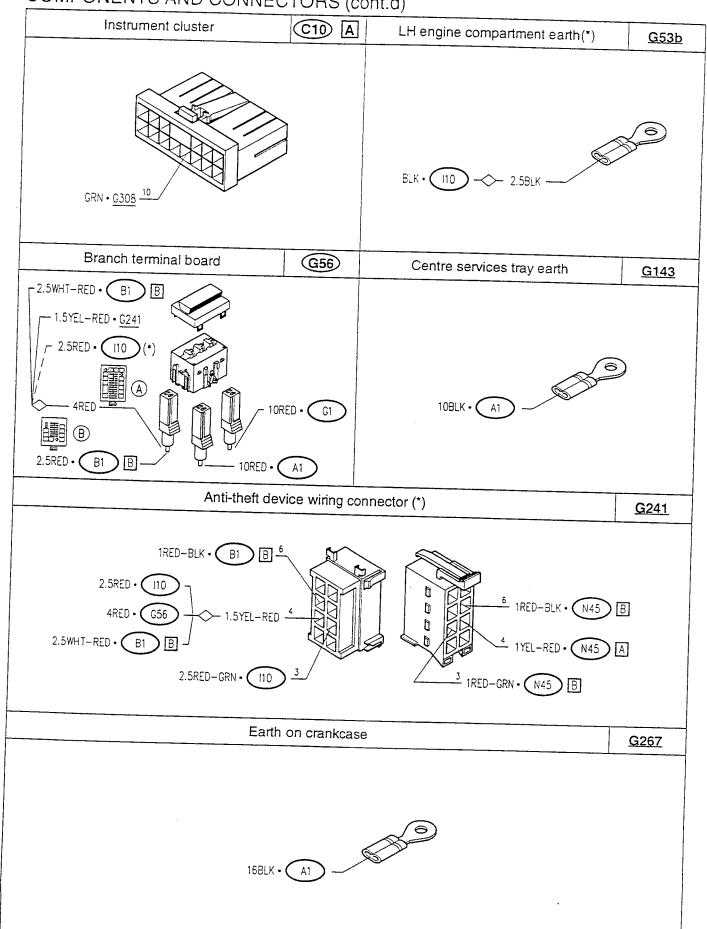
COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (Boxer versions)





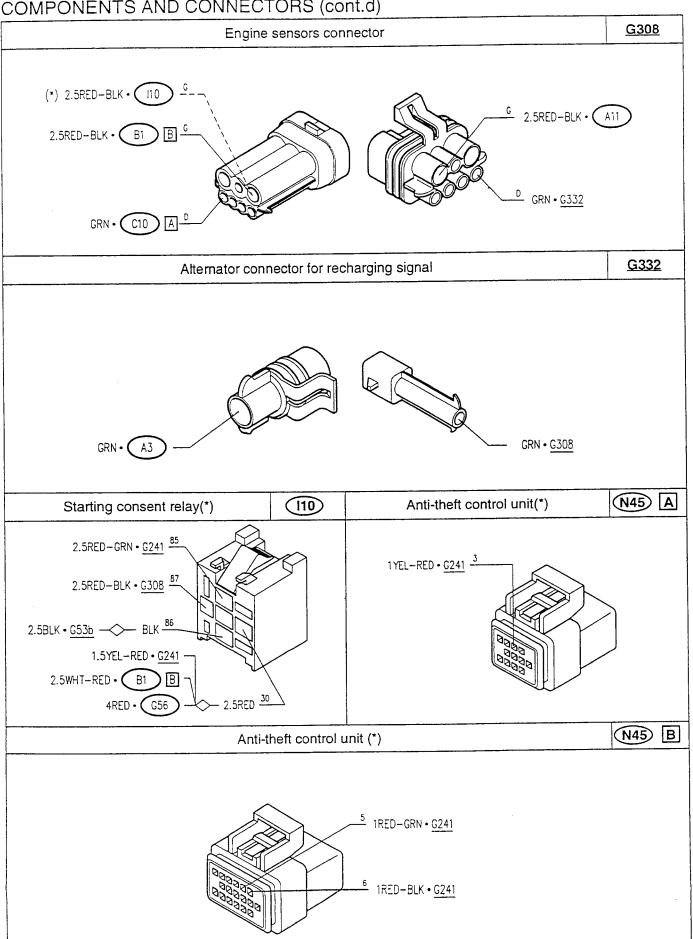
ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS 55-4

COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (cont.d)



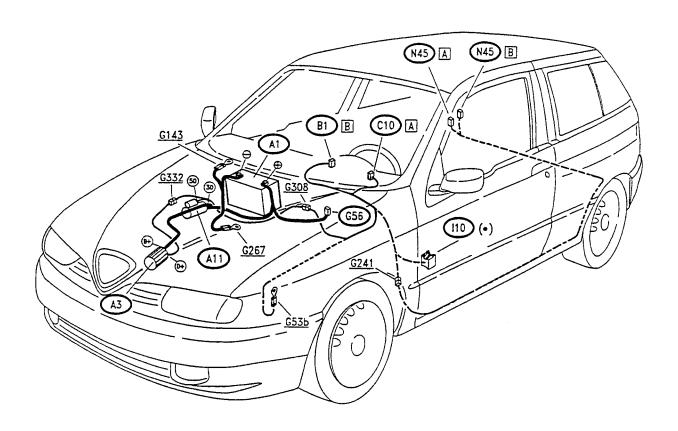


COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (cont.d)





LOCATION OF COMPONENTS (Boxer versions)

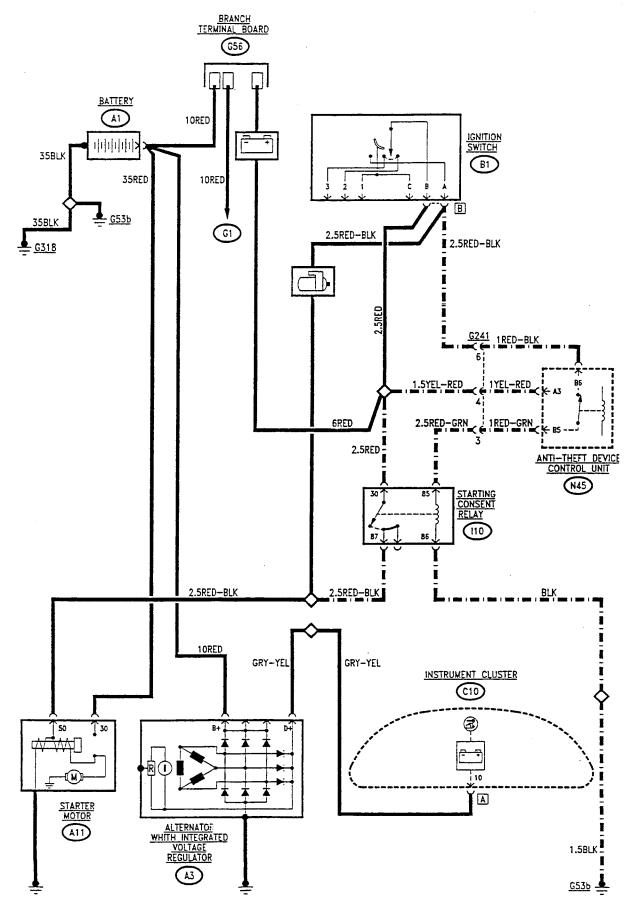


(•) yellow base

____ Variant for cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with anti-theft system



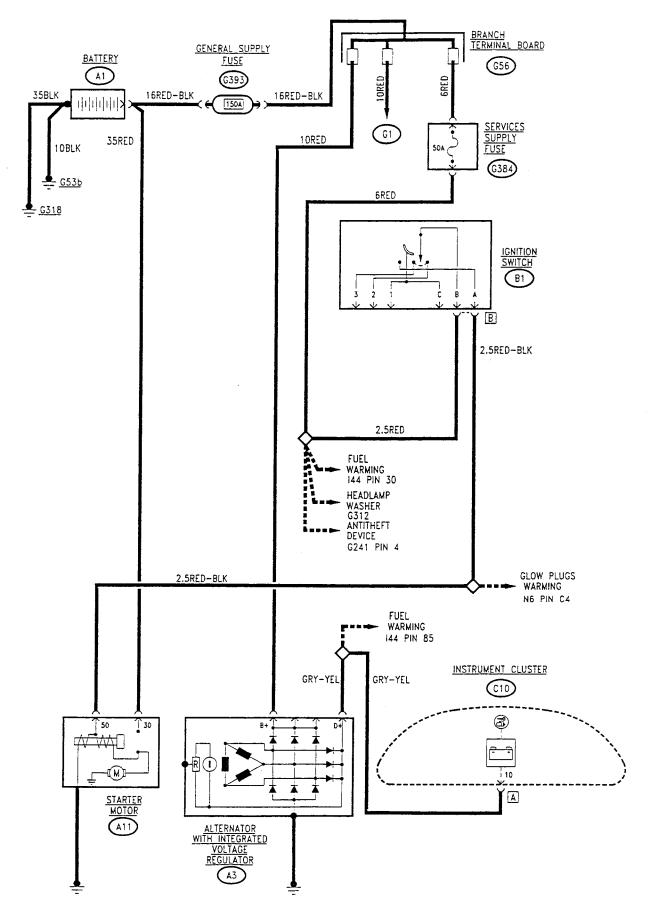
WIRING DIAGRAM (TD version - up to chassis no....)



- - - variant for cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with theft alarm



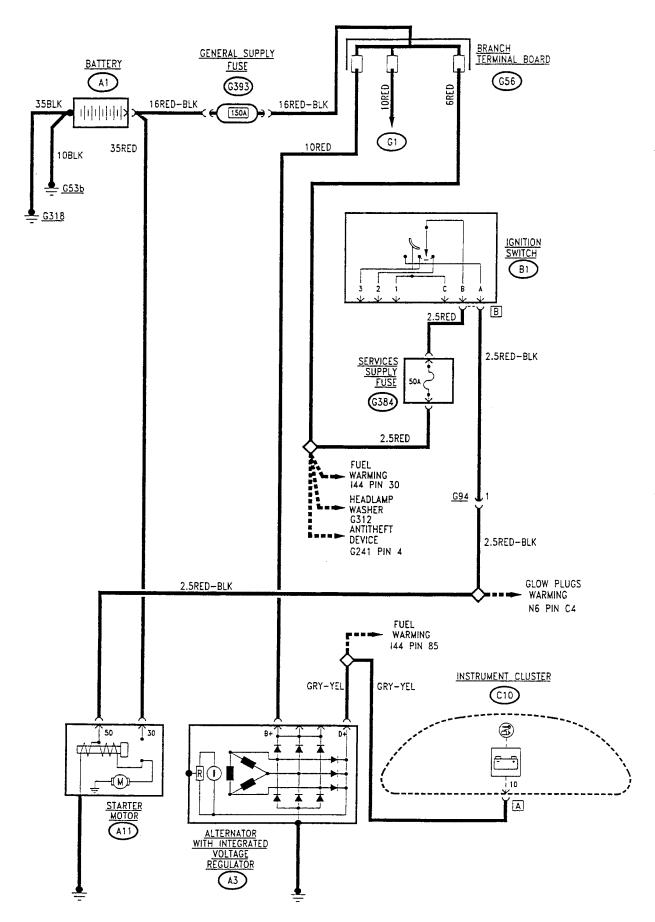
WIRING DIAGRAM (TD version - from chassis no....)



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WIRING DIAGRAM (TD-CAT version)



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (TD version)

When the key in the ignitions switch B1 is turned to the "START" position, it energises the winding of the electromagnet (pin 50) of the starter motor A11 and supplies (pin 30) the starter motor itself with current leading directly from the battery A1 thereby cranking the engine (in cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but fitted with car alarm, the starter motor supply "crosses" the theft alarm control unit N45 (pin B5 - B6) which cuts off the supply in the event of an alarm and the starting consent relay I10).

When the engine is running, the direct current generated by the alternator A3 (pin B+) is sent to recharge the battery A1; from chassis no..... via the branch terminal box G56.

All the lines for supplying the various electric systems of the car branch from the terminal box **G56** connected to the + terminal of the battery **A1** (see "Supply"). When the alternator is not turning and therefore not charging the battery, an earth signal is sent from pin D+ to the instrument cluster **C10** to turn on the corresponding warning light; once the engine has been started this signal becomes 12 V and the warning light goes off.

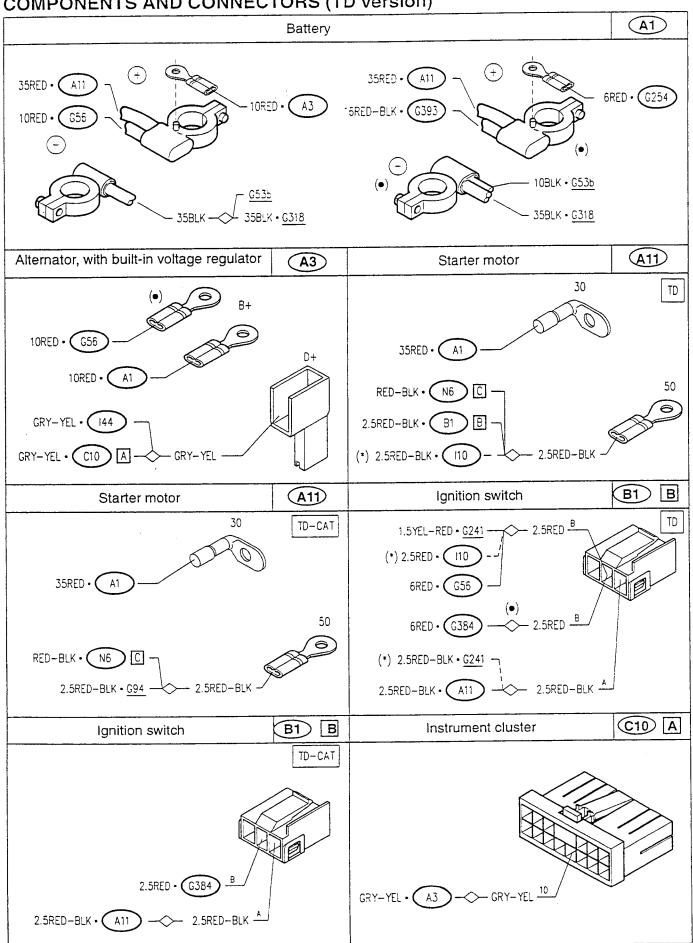
FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (TD-CAT version)

When the key in the ignitions switch **B1** is turned to the "START" position, it energises the winding of the electromagnet (pin 50) of the starter motor **A11** and supplies (pin 30) the starter motor itself with current leading directly from the battery **A1** thereby cranking the engine.

When the engine is running, the direct current generated by the alternator A3 (pin B+) is sent to recharge the battery A1; via the branch terminal box G56. All the lines for supplying the various electric systems of the car branch from the terminal box G56 connected to the + terminal of the battery A1 (see "Supply"). When the alternator is not turning and therefore not charging the battery, an earth signal is sent from pin D+ to the instrument cluster C10 to turn on the corresponding warning light; once the engine has been started this signal becomes 12 V and the warning light goes off.

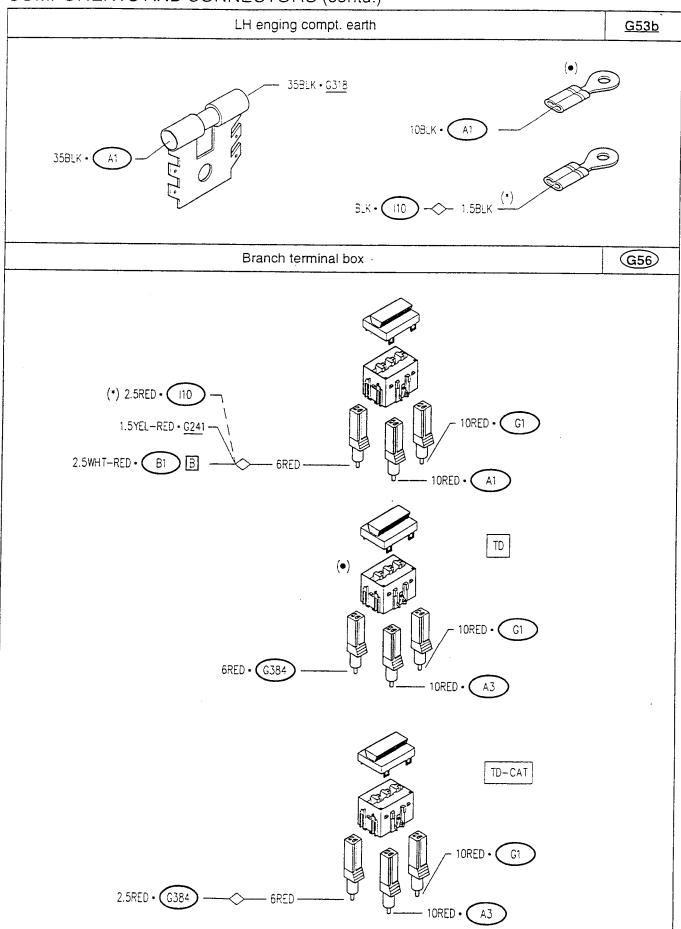
ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS Starting and charging

COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (TD version)



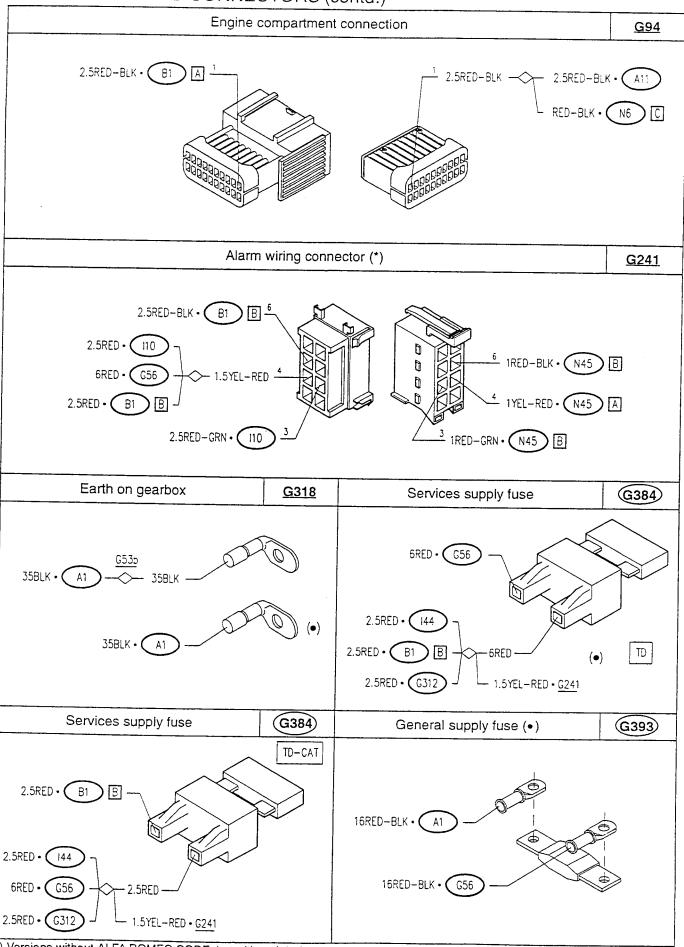


COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (contd.)





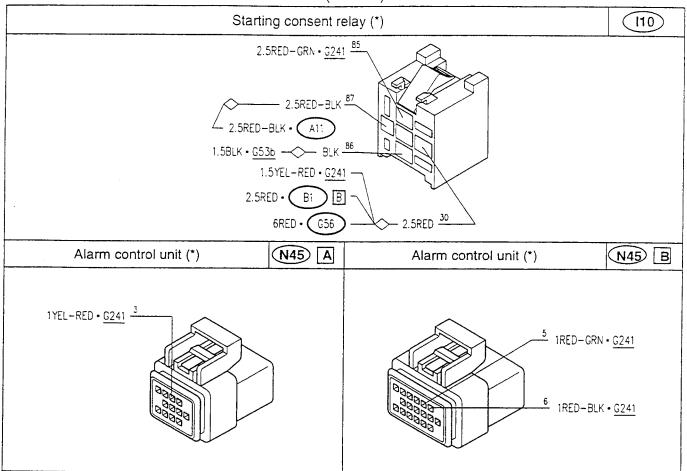
COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (contd.)



^(*) Versions without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with anti-theft system PA493000000006 - 12 -

ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS Starting and charging 55-4

COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (contd.)

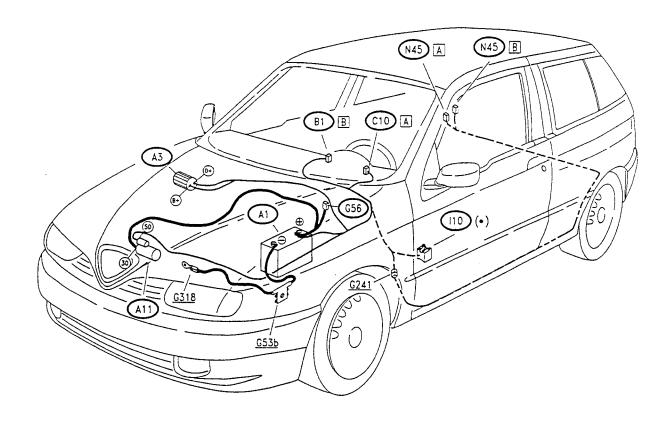


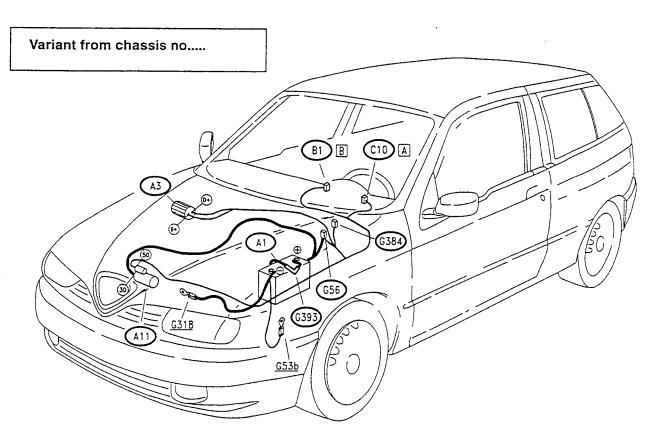
(*) Versions without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with anti-theft system





LOCATION OF COMPONENTS (TD version)



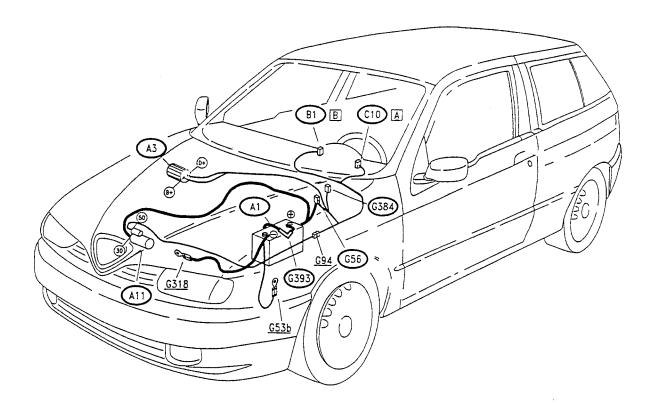


-- variant for cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with theft alarm

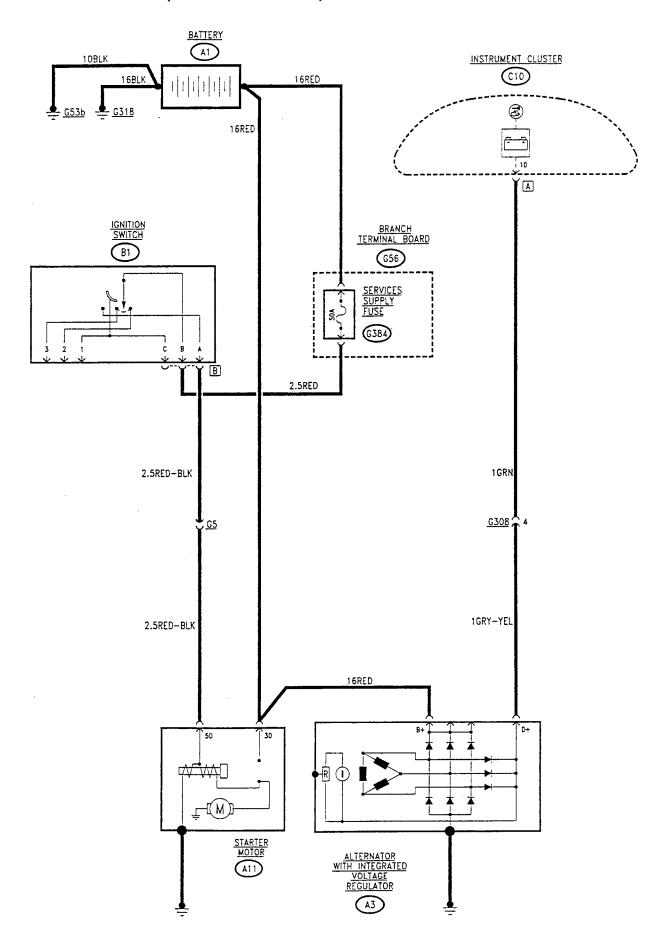
(•) yellow base



LOCATION OF COMPONENTS (TD-CAT version)



WIRING DIAGRAM (T.SPARK version)



ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS Starting and charging

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (T.SPARK version)

When the key in the ignitions switch **B1** is turned to the "START" position, it energises the winding of the electromagnet (pin 50) of the starter motor **A11** and supplies (pin 30) the starter motor itself with current leading directly from the battery **A1** thereby cranking the engine.

When the engine is running, the direct current generated by the alternator A3 (pin B+) is sent to recharge the battery A1 via the starter motor A11.

All the lines for supplying the various electric systems of the car branch from the terminal box **G56** connected to the + terminal of the battery **A1** (see "Supply"), in particular the supply for the ignition switch **B1** via fuse **G384** (50A)

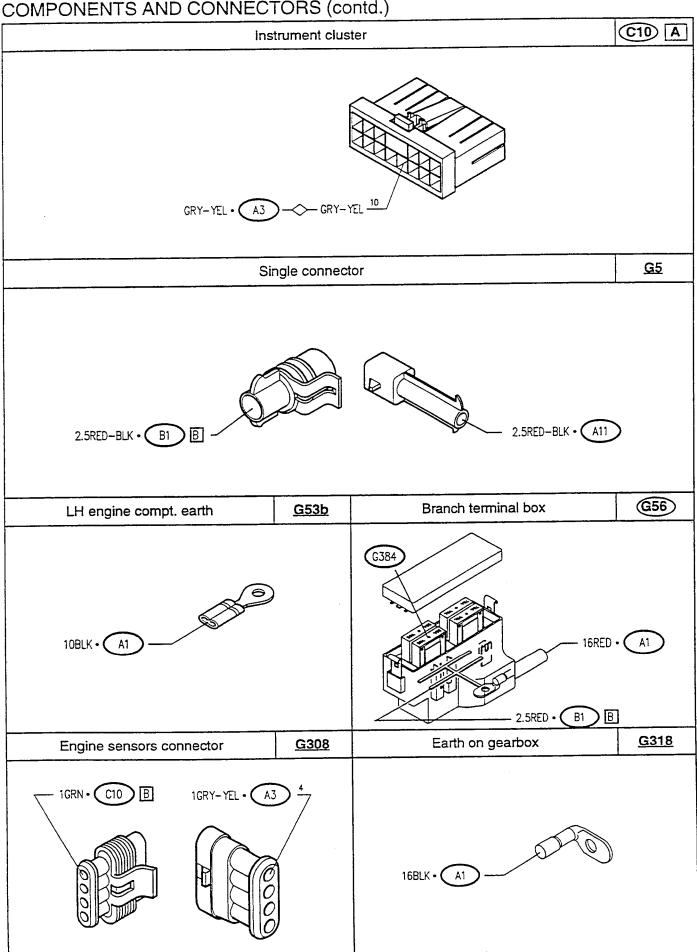
When the alternator is not turning and therefore not charging the battery, an earth signal is sent from pin D+ to the instrument cluster C10 to turn on the corresponding warning light; once the engine has been started this signal becomes 12 V and the warning light goes off.

COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (T.SPARK version)

Battery	(A1)	Alternator, with built-in voltage regulator	(A3)
16RED • A11 + 16RED • G56 - 10	DBLK • <u>G53b</u> SBLK • <u>G318</u>	1GRY-YEL • <u>G308</u> 16RED • A11	D+ B+
Starter motor	A11)	Ignition switch	B1 B
16RED • A3 16RED • A1 2.5RSS-NRO • G5	50	2.5RED • G56 B 2.5RED - BLK • G5 A	



COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (contd.)

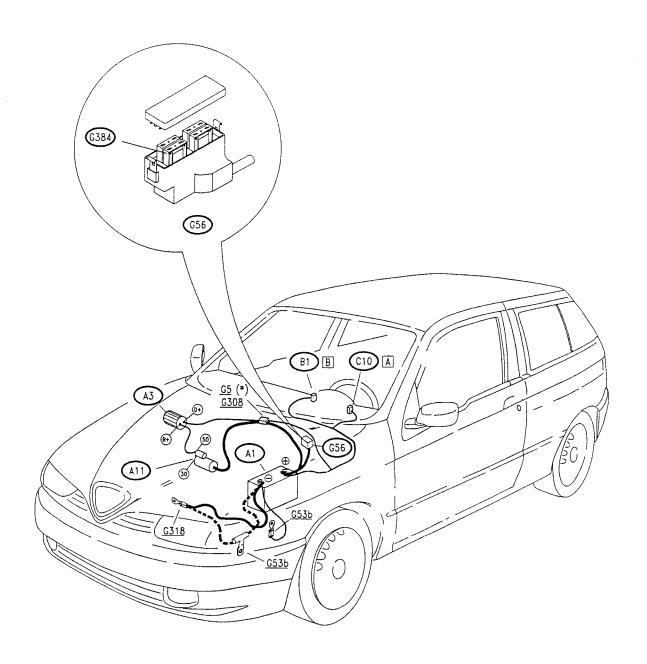


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LOCATION OF COMPONENTS (T.SPARK version)

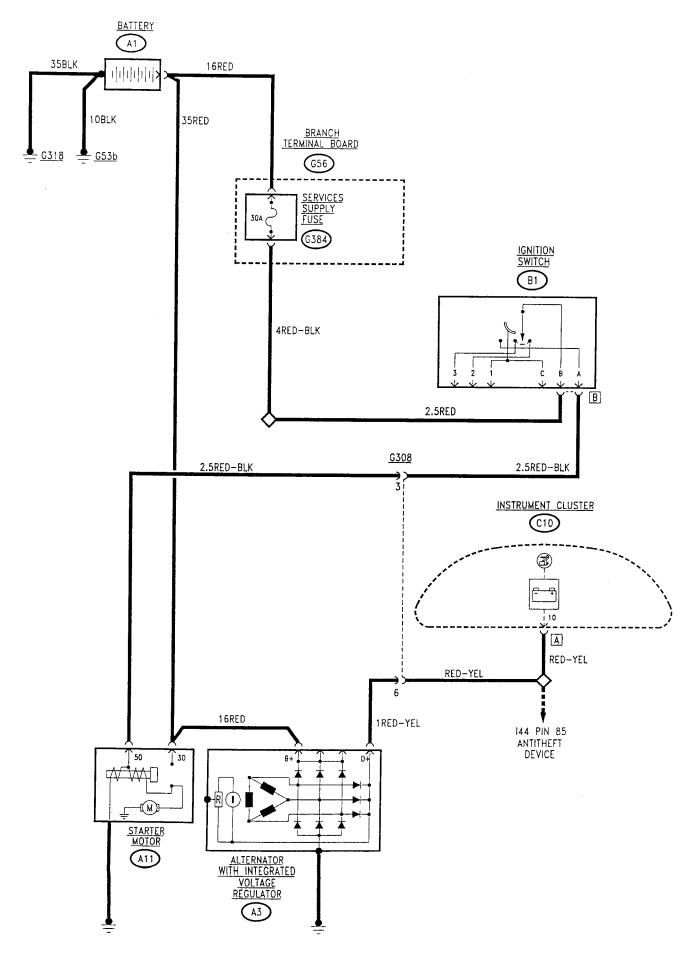


PA49300000009 - 17 - 12-1997

^(*) Up to Model Year '97 ——— From Model Year '98



WIRING DIAGRAM (JTD version)





ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS Starting and charging 55-4

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (JTD version)

When the key in the ignitions switch **B1** is turned to the "START" position, it energises the winding of the electromagnet (pin 50) of the starter motor **A11** and supplies (pin 30) the starter motor itself with current leading directly from the battery **A1** thereby cranking the engine.

When the engine is running, the direct current generated by the alternator A3 (pin B+) is sent to recharge the battery A1 via the starter motor A11.

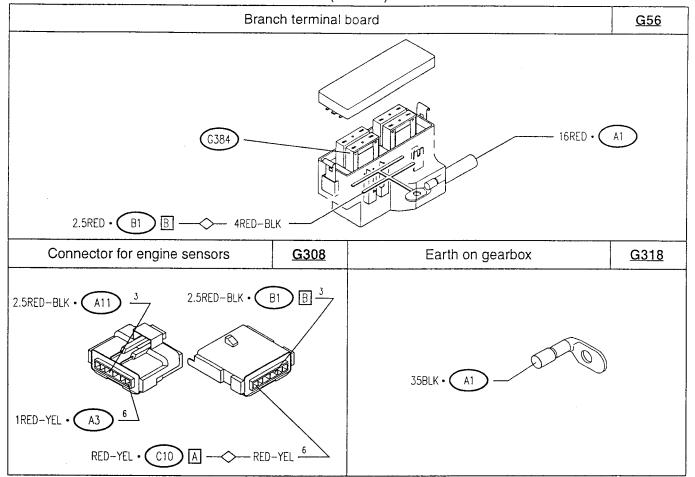
All the lines for supplying the various electric systems of the car branch from the terminal box **G56** connected to the + terminal of the battery **A1** (see "Supply"), in particular the supply for the ignition switch **B1** via fuse **G384** (30A). When the alternator is not turning and therefore not charging the battery, an earth signal is sent from pin D+ to the instrument cluster **C10** to turn on the corresponding warning light; once the engine has been started this signal becomes 12 V and the warning light goes off.

COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (JTD version)

Battery	(A1)	Alternator, with built-in voltage regulator (A3)				
16RED • G56 + 10BLK • G53b - 35BLK • G318 - 10BLK •		16RED • A11 - 1RED - YEL • G308	D+			
Starter motor	A11	Ignition switch	(B1) B			
30 16RED • A3 35RED • A1 2.5RED-BLK • <u>G308</u>	50	4RED-BLK • \bigcirc G56 \longrightarrow 2.5RED \bigcirc B 2.5RED-BLK • \bigcirc G308 \bigcirc A				
Instrument cluster	C10 A	LH engine compartment earth	<u>G53b</u>			
RED-YEL • G308 — RED-YEL 10		10BLK • A1				

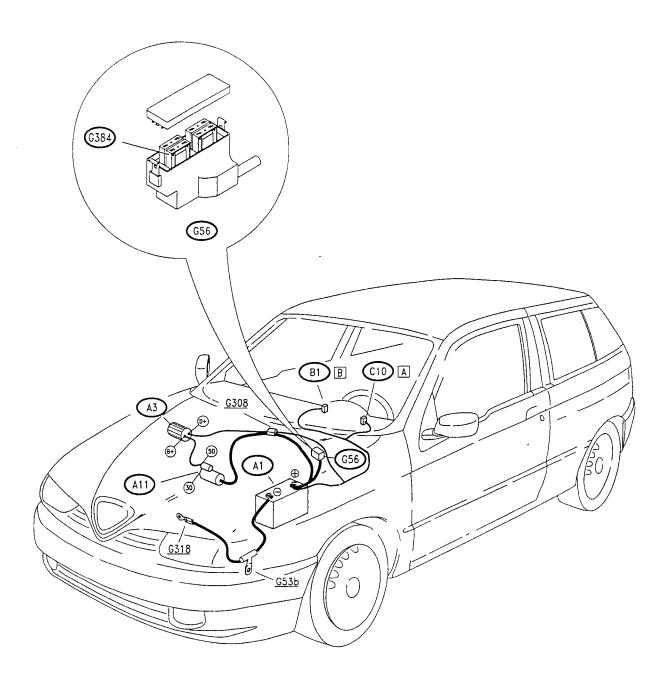


COMPONENTS AND CONNECTORS (contd.)





LOCATION OF COMPONENTS (JTD version)





ELECTRIC SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS Starting and charging

FAULT-FINDING TABLE

Fault		Component to be checked					
	A1	B1	(*)	A11	(A3)	C10 (2)	(1)
Engine starting (1)	•	•	•	•			•
Charging	•				•		
Charge warning light					•	•	

- (1) Only for cars without ALFA ROMEO CODE, but with theft alarm: beforehand check that the theft alarm is working properly (see "Theft Alarm" section) as it may have cut off the supply to the starter motor.
- (2) The instrument cluster C10 cannot be overhauled. Therefore, in the event of a fault it is not possible to replaced individual warning lights and a complete new instrument cluster must be installed.
- (*) TD version only, from chassis no.....; T.SPARK and JTD

CHECKING COMPONENTS

Ignition switch (B1)

Check the internal connections following the table below:

Reed identification codes	POSITION OF KEY				
B	PARK	key can be removed	STOP key can be removed	DRIVE key not removable	
B AVV INGR INGR ACC SERV STAZ INT					

Starter motor (A11)



If necessary, refer to the starter motor specifications and instructions given in the section "ELECTRIC SYSTEM-**ENGINE STARTING"**

Alternator (A3)



If necessary, refer to the starter motor specifications and instructions given in the section "ELECTRIC SYSTEM-**CURRENT GENERATION"**

Battery (A1)

If necessary, refer to the starter motor specifications and instructions given in the section "ELECTRIC SYSTEM-CURRENT GENERATION"